

COURSE MODULE

	Program Title	B. Pharmacy			
-	Department	Pharmaceutical Chemistry			
-	Course Title	Medicinal Chemistry-II			
۱.	NAME OF INSTITUTION	:Y. B. CHAVAN COLLEGE OF PHARMACY,			
		AURANGABAD			
2.	AFFILIATED UNIVERSITY	:DR. BABASAHEB AMBEDKAR MARATHWADA			
		UNIVERSITY, AURANGABAD			
3.	DEPARTMENT	: Pharmaceutical Chemistry			
4.	PROGRAM TITLE	: B. PHARM.			

- 4.1. Program Outcomes (PO):
- **PO 01: Pharmacy Knowledge:** Possess knowledge and comprehension of the core and basic knowledge associated with the profession of pharmacy, including biomedical sciences; pharmaceutical sciences; behavioral, social, and administrative pharmacy sciences; and manufacturing practices.
- **PO 02: Planning Abilities:** Demonstrate effective planning abilities including time management, resource management, delegation skills and organizational skills. Develop and implement plans and organize work to meet deadlines.

PO 03: Problem analysis: Utilize the principles of scientific enquiry, thinking analytically, clearly and critically, while solving problems and making decisions during daily practice. Find, analyze, evaluate and apply information systematically and shall make defensible decisions.

- **PO 04: Modern tool usage:** Learn, select, and apply appropriate methods and procedures, resources, and modern pharmacy-related computing tools with an understanding of the limitations.
- **PO 05: Leadership skills:** Understand and consider the human reaction to change, motivation issues, leadership and team-building when planning changes required for fulfillment of practice, professional and societal responsibilities. Assume participatory roles as responsible citizens or leadership roles when appropriate to facilitate improvement in health and wellbeing.
- **PO 06: Professional Identity:** Understand, analyze and communicate the value of their professional roles in society (e.g. health care professionals, promoters of health, educators, managers, employees, employees).
- **PO 07: Pharmaceutical Ethics:** Honour personal values and apply ethical principles in professional and social contexts. Demonstrate behavior that recognizes cultural and personal variability in values, communication and lifestyles. Use ethical frameworks; apply ethical principles while making decisions and take responsibility for the outcomes associated with the decisions.
- **PO 08: Communication:** Communicate effectively with the pharmacy community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports, make effective presentations and documentation, and give and receive clear instructions.
- PO 09: The Pharmacist and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge
- to assess societal, health, safety and legal issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional pharmacy practice.
- **PO 10: Environment and sustainability:** Understand the impact of the professional pharmacy solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO 11:Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change. Self-assess and use feedback effectively from others to identify learning needs and to satisfy these needs on an ongoing basis.

5. COURSE SPECIFICATION:

5.1.Course Identification and General Information

a. Course Title:	Medicinal Chemistry-	п			
b. Course Number/Code	BP501T				
c. Credit Hours	Theory	Practical			
	45(3 Hrs/Week)				
d. Study level/semester at which this course is offered	Fifth Semester B.Pharn	n			
e. Pre-requisite	Medicinal Chemistry-I (B.Pharm Second year course)				
f. Co-requisite	Basic of organic reactions				
g. Program in which the course is offered	B Pharm				
h. Language of teaching the course	English				
i. Prepared by	Mr.Ansari Altamash				
j. Approved by HOD	Dr. K. G. Baheti				

5.2.Course Description:

Pharmaceutical Medicinal Chemistry –II is the branch of Pharmacy which deals with the biological activity of the compounds of different category. Which develop the linkage between organic molecules and their transformation to the drug and ability to name drugs having various structural features with classification, ADME, SAR study, MOA and side effect of respective drugs.

5.3.Course Objectives:

1. Interpretation and application of IUPAC rules for nomenclature.

2. To memories different classes of compounds on the basis of chemical class and biological activity

- 3. To explain physicochemical properties, mode of action and SAR of different class of medicinal compounds.
- 4. To recognize and describe the drug and receptor interaction.
- 5. To outline the synthesis of drug compounds.

6.0.Course Outcomes (COs) : (Min. 4 and Max. 6)

(Use Bloom's Taxonomy words)

CO Code	Course outcome
CO 501.01	Identify the medicinal compounds and Infer its IUPAC names

CO 501.02	Categories therapeutic agents & relate the structure with biological activity			
	(SAR)			
CO 501.03 Summarize drugs receptor interaction, mode of action therapeutic uses and side				
	effects of medicinal drugs.			
CO 501 .04	Write the synthesis of medicinal compounds			

6.1. Knowledge and Understanding

(Alignment of POs to COs)

CO Code					Program Outcome (PO)						
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO 501T.01	3	1	3	1	М	М	2	1	1	2	-
CO 501T 02	3	3	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1
CO 501T 03	3	3	1	3	2	1	1	3	3	2	3
CO 501T 04	3	3	3	3	3	-	2	2	2	2	1

Correlation levels 1, 2 or 3 as defined below:

1: Slight (Low); 2: Moderate (Medium); 3: Substantial (High); If there is no correlation, put '-'

6.2. Teaching and Assessment Methods for achieving learning outcome:

Teaching Strategies(methods)/Tools used	Methods of Assessment
Lectures (Constructivist learning)	Formative Assessment
Collaborative learning (Discussion)	Case study
Project based Learning	Class test
Blended learning	Multiple choice questions
Inquiry based learning	Assignments
Flash cards	Seminar
Video	Viva Voce
Equipment models	Synopsis
	Tutorials
	Summative Assessment

6.3.Tools for the Teaching and learning

Theory subjects	Practical Subjects
PowerPoints presentation	White boards

• Videos	Glassware		
• Flash Card	Chemicals		
• Models	• Instruments		
Software	• Equipment		
• Charts	Software		
Smart Boards	• Models		
White boards	Plants/Crude Drugs		
Online Platform	• Animal		

6.4.COURSE CONTENT

6.1. Theoretical Aspect:

Orde	Topic	Subtopics list	Number	Contact
r	list/units		of	Hours
			Weeks	
1	Unit I	Antihistaminic agents: Histamine, receptors and	3 and	10
		their distribution in the humanbody . H1–antagonists : Diphenhydramine hydrochloride*, imenhydrinate,	Half	
		Doxylamines cuccinate, Clemastine fumarate,	week	
		Diphenylphyraline hydrochloride, Tripelenamine		
		hydrochloride, Chlorcyclizine hydrochloride,		
		Meclizine hydrochloride, Buclizine hydrochloride,		
		Chlorpheniramine maleate, Triprolidine hydrochloride*, Phenidamine tartarate, Promethazine		
		hydrochloride*, Trimeprazine tartrate,		
		Cyproheptadine hydrochloride, Azatidine maleate,		
		Astemizole, Loratadine, Cetirizine, Levocetrazine		
		Cromolyn sodium		
		H2-antagonists: Cimetidine*, Famotidine, Ranitidin.		
		Gastric Proton pump inhibitors: Omeprazole,		
		Lansoprazole, Rabeprazole, Pantoprazole Anti-		
		neoplastic agents:		
		A. Alkylating agents: Meclorethamine*, Cyclophosphamide, Melphalan, Chlorambucil,		
		Busulfan, Thiotepa B. Antimetabolites:		
		Mercaptopurine*, Thioguanine, Fluorouracil,		
		Floxuridine, Cytarabine, Methotrexate*, Azathioprine		
		C. Antibiotics: Dactinomycin, Daunorubicin,		
		Doxorubicin, Bleomycin		
		D. Plant products: Etoposide, Vinblastin sulphate,		
		Vincristin sulphate E. Miscellaneous: Cisplatin,		
		Mitotane.		1.0
2	Unit II	Anti-anginal:	3 and	10
		Vasodilators: Amyl nitrite, Nitroglycerin*,	Half	
		Pentaerythritol tetranitrate, Isosorbide dinitrite*, Dipyridamole. Calcium channel blockers:	week	

-	1	<u> </u>		
		Verapamil, Bepridil hydrochloride, Diltiazem		
		hydrochloride, Nifedipine, Amlodipine, Felodipine,		
		Nicardipine, Nimodipine. Diuretics: Carbonic		
		anhydrase inhibitors: Acetazolamide*, Methazolamide,		
		Dichlorphenamide. Thiazides: Chlorthiazide*,		
		Hydrochlorothiazide, Hydroflumethiazide,		
		Cyclothiazide, Loop diuretics: Furosemide*,		
		Bumetanide, Ethacrynic acid. Potassium sparing		
		Diuretics: Spironolactone, Triamterene, Amiloride.		
		Osmotic Diuretics: Mannitol		
		Anti-hypertensive Agents: Timolol, Captopril,		
		Lisinopril, Enalapril, Benazepril hydrochloride,		
		Quinapril hydrochloride, Methyldopate		
		hydrochloride,* Clonidine hydrochloride,		
		Guanethidine monosulphate, Guanabenz acetate,		
		Sodium nitroprusside, Diazoxide, Minoxidil,		
		Reserpine, Hydralazine hydrochloride.		
3	Unit III	Anti-arrhythmic Drugs: Quinidine sulphate,	3 and	10
		Procainamide hydrochloride, Disopyramide		
		phosphate*, Phenytoin sodium, Lidocaine	Half	
		hydrochloride, Tocainide hydrochloride, Mexiletine	week	
		hydrochloride, Lorcainide hydrochloride, Amiodarone,	WUCK	
		Sotalol. Anti-hyperlipidemic agents : Clofibrate,		
		Lovastatin, Cholesteramine and Cholestipol Coagulant		
		& Anticoagulants: Menadione, Acetomenadione,		
		Warfarin*, Anisindione, clopidogrel. Drugs used in		
		Congestive Heart Failure: Digoxin, Digitoxin,		
		Nesiritide,Bosentan, Tezosentan.		
4	Unit IV	Drugs acting on Endocrine system	2 and	8
		Nomenclature, Stereochemistry and metabolism of		U
		steroids A. Sex hormones : Testosterone, Nandralone,	half	
		Progestrones, Oestriol, Oestradiol, Oestrione, Diethyl	week	
		stilbestrol. B. Drugs for erectile dysfunction :	WCCK	
		Sildenafil, Tadalafil. C. Oral contraceptives:		
		Mifepristone, Norgestril, Levonorgestrol D .		
		Corticosteroids: Cortisone, Hydrocortisone,		
		Prednisolone, Betamethasone, Dexamethasone		
		E. Thyroid and antithyroid drugs : L-Thyroxine, L-		
		Thyronine, Propylthiouracil, Methimazole.		
5	Unit V	Antidiabetic agents:	2 and	7
•	Cint v	Insulin and its preparations Sulfonyl ureas:		'
		Tolbutamide [*] , Chlorpropamide, Glipizide, Glimepiride.	half	
		Biguanides: Metformin. Thiazolidinediones:	week	
		Pioglitazone, Rosiglitazone. Meglitinides: Repaglinide,	WEEK	
		Nateglinide. Glucosidase inhibitors: Acrabose,		
		Voglibose. Local Anesthetics: SAR of Local		
		anesthetics		
		Benzoic Acid derivatives; Cocaine, Hexylcaine,		
		Meprylcaine, Cyclomethycaine, Piperocaine.		
		Amino Benzoic acid derivatives: Benzocaine*,		
		Butamben, Procaine*, Butacaine, Propoxycaine,		
	1	Tetracaine, Benoxinate. Lidocaine/Anilide		
		derivatives: Lignocaine, Mepivacaine, Prilocaine,		

		Etidocaine. Miscellaneous : Phenacaine, Diperodon, Dibucaine.*	
	TOTAL		45

7.0.ASSESSMENT MECHANISM :

Sr.	Assessment Mechanism	Week due	Marks	Proportion of Final
No.				Assessment
1	Assignments, Exercises & Home	2 nd week of	10	6%
	works	every month		
2	Sessional (Internal Theory exam)	As per	15	10%
		scheduled		
		examination		
3	Continuous Practical Assessment	Weekly during	15	10%
	(Sessional Practical exam)	practicals		
4	Final exam (theory)	As per	75	50%
5	Final exam(practical)	University at	35	24%
-	(p	end of course	20	/ 0
Total			150	100%

8.0.STUDENT SUPPORT:

Office hours/week	Other procedures
Two hours minimum	

9.0. TEACHER'S AVAILABILITY FOR STUDENT SUPPORT:

ſ	Days	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
ſ	Time	04:00-5:00	04:00-5:00	04:00-5:00	04:00-5:00	04:00-5:00	10:00-12:00
1(10.0 LEADNING DESOUDCES.						

10.0. LEARNING RESOURCES:

Sr.No.	Title of Learning Material	Details
1	Text books	
2	Essential references (as per syllabus)	 Wilson and Giswold's Organic medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry. Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, Vol I to IV. Introduction to principles of drug design- Smith and Williams. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences. Martindale's extra pharmacopoeia. Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar, Vol. II. 111

		 8. The Organic Chemistry of Drug Synthesis by Lednicer, Vol. 1to 5. 9. Indian Pharmacopoeia. 10. Text book of practical organic chemistry-
		A.I.Vogel.
3	Reference material	
4	E-materials and websites	https://www.youtube.com/channel/UC252n- tfXsYha31pGQwcQdA
5	Other learning material	

11.0. FACILITIES REQUIRED:

Sr.No.	Particular of Facility Required	
1	Lecture Rooms (capacity for 60 students)	
2	Laboratory (capacity for 20 students)	
3	Computing resources: PC with latest version and hardware/software and utilization	
	of open source and licensed application software	
4	Other resources: Appropriate laboratory tools, Chemicals, Glass ware, Apparatus,	
	Instrumentation	

12.0. COURSE IMPROVEMENT PROCESSES:

12.1. Strategies for obtaining student feedback on effectiveness of teaching:

Course delivery evaluation by students using: Questionnaire forms and onlinequestionnaires

12.2. Other strategies for evaluation of teaching by the instructor or by the

department:

Periodic review by Academic Planning & Monitoring Committee and departmental review committee, Observations and assistance of colleagues, External assessments by advisors/ examiners and auditors.

12.3. Process for improvement of teaching:

Use of ICT tools, teaching aids, Simultaneous practical orientation and theory classes (SPOT), Adoption of reflective teaching.

12.4. Describe the planning procedures for periodically reviewing of course effectiveness and planning for improvement:

Periodic review by departmental meeting, Review of course delivery and outcome through assessment and feedback from all stake holders.

12.5. Course development plans:

Provide inputs for course improvement and update to University Course development Committees (Board of Studies)

13.0. INFORMATION ABOUT FACULTY MEMBER RESPONSIBLE FOR THE COURSE:

Name	Mr. Ansari Altamash Shakeel Ahmad
Location	Dept. of Pharmaceutical Chemistry M.Pharm Research lab.
Contact Detail (e-mail &cell no.)	9823967266
Office Hours	10:00 AM to 5:00 PM